

Specification Sheet PTFE Heater

Inert to Most Aqueos Acids. Alkalines, Anodizing and Pickling Solutions Up to 100°C

Fluoropolymer (PTFE) heater, or more commonly known as Teflon heater, are compatible with virtually every chemistry and are available in sizes up to 27kW. PTFE heaters are manufactured to heat corrosive liquid solutions, which normally used in metal finishing tanks. They are specifically designed for these process technology and only heating the part that is to be continually immersed. This plastic sheath enables the heaters to resist flow of heat and the aggressive chemical attack of the bath.

Applications

PTFE heaters are one of the most widely used methods for most plating tank solutions. Designed for use in the most critical environment, the vapour tight polypropylene terminal enclosure and PTFE sheath will protect the heater from any known chemical attack. The direct immersion method is energy efficient and easily monitored and controlled.

Check compatibility guide on page 2 and with chemical cupplier for proper sheath material selection.

Advantages

- Superior Chemical Resistance Inert to most aqueos acid, alkaline, anodizing and pickling solutions up to 100°C.
- Rugged Construction
 Heavy wall fluoropolymer (PTFE) covered stainless
 steel element reduces permeation and eliminates
 the needs for gas purge system. Guaranteed 100%
 pin hole free.
- Outstanding Performance
 Low watt density design (10W/inch²; 1.5W/cm²) for long service life.



Fig 1. Wide Selection of PTFE Heater Design

Thermal Protectors

Auto Resettable Type Thermal Fuses

- TF-1: For solutions up to 90°C
- TF-2: For solutions up to 100°C
- TF-3: For solutions up to 120°C

Thermocouple

- Type K Bi-Metal Sheath
- Type J Bi-Metal Sheath

Technical Capabilities

- Power
 500 watts to 6000 watts (Higher watts available upon request)
- Voltages 120V - 600V, Single Phase and 3 Phase Available.

Compatibilty Guide

SOLUTION	TYPE OF HEATER
Acetic	PTFE or Quartz
Acid Sulfate	PTFE or Quartz
Actane 70, 80	PTFE
Actane Salt	
Alcorite	
Alkaline Cleaners (Electrified)	
Alkaline Soaking Cleaners	
Alodine (most formulas)	216 Stainless Steel
Alstan	
Aluminum Anodizing	
Aluminum Bright Dip	
Aluminum Chloride	
Aluminum Cleaners	-
Aluminum Sulfate	
Ammonia	
Ammonia Persulfate	
Ammonium Bi Fluoride	
Ammonium Chloride	
Ammonium Nitrate	
Anodizing	
ARP 28, 80 Blackening Salts	-
Arsenic	
Barium Chloride	
Benzoic Acid	
Black Nickel	
Black Oxide (High-Temp)	
Black Oxide (Low-Temp)	
Bonderizing	
Boric Acid	
Brass Cyanide	304 Stainless Steel
Bright Copper-Cyanide	304 Stainless Steel
Bright Nickel PTF	E, Quartz or Titanium
Bronze	304 Stainless Steel
Brown Oxide	Titanium
Burnite	PTFE or Quartz
Butyric Acid	Titanium
Cadmium (Alkaline)	
Cadmium Black	
Cadmium Fluoborate	
Calcium Chloride	
Calcium Hypochlorite	
Carbonic Acid	
Caustic Etch	
Caustics	
Caustics (highly concentrated 20% & over	
Chloride	
Chlorine/Wet	
Chlorosulfuric Acid	
Chromic Acetate	
Chromic Anodizing	~
Chromic Nickel	
Chromium (Fluoride)	
Chroman (radiac)	I II E

SOLUTION	TYPE OF HEATER
Chromium (No Fluorides) PTF	E. Ouartz or Titanium
Citric Acid	
Clear Chromate	
Cobalt NickelPTF	
Cobalt Plating	
Cobra Etch	
Copper Acid	
Copper Bright Acid	
Copper Cyanide	
Copper Fluoborate	
Copper Pyrophosphate	
Copper Strike	
Copper Sulfate	
Cyanide	
Deionized Water	
Deoxidizer (Etching)	
Deoxidizer Non-Chromated	
Dichromic Seal	
Diethylene Glycol	304 Stainless Steel
Diversey, 511, 514	
Dow Therm	
Dye Solutions	
Ebonal C	
Electro Cleaner	
Electro Polishing	
Electroless Copper	
Electroless Nickel	
Electroless Tin (Acid)	
Electroless Tin (Alkaline)	
Enthone 80 Acid	
Ethylene Glycol	
Ferric Ammonium Oxide	
Ferric ChloridePTF	E, Quartz or Titanium
Ferric Nitrate	304 Stainless Steel
Ferric Sulfate	304 Stainless Steel
Fluoborate	PTFE
Formic Acid	316 Stainless Steel
Glycerol	304 Stainless Steel
Gold-AcidPTF	E, Quartz or Titanium
Gold Cyanide	304 Stainless Steel
Gold-Immersion	
Grey NickelPTF	
Hot Seal Dichromate	316 Stainless Steel
Hydrochloric Acid	PTFE or Quartz
Hydrofluoric Acid	PTFE
Hydrogen Peroxide	PTFE or Quartz
Indium	
Iridite (1, 2, 3, 4-C, 7, 8, 15)	
Iridite (4-75, 4-73, 14, 14-2, 14-9)	
Iron Fluoborate	
Iron Phosphate	316 Stainless Steel
Jeonran (186, 187, 188)	216 Stainlage Staal



Compatibility Guide (cont.)

SOLUTION	TYPE OF HEATER
Isoprep Acid Salts	PTFE
Jetal	304 Stainless Steel
Lead Acetate	
Lime Saturated Water (Alkaline)	316 Stainless Steel
Linseed Oil	
Magnesium Hydroxide	304 Stainless Steel
Magnesium Nitrate	PTFE or Quartz
Manganese Phosphate	
McDermid 629	
Mercuric Chloride	Titanium
Muriatic Acid	PTFE or Quartz
Nickel (Plating Solution) (Watts)P	ΓFE, Quartz or Titanium
Nickel Acetate Seal	
Nickel Chloride	Titanium
Nitric Acid	PTFE or Quartz
Nitric Hydrochloric Acids	PTFE or Quartz
Nitric Phosphoric	Quartz
Oil	Steel
Oleic Acid	PTFE or Quartz
Oxalic Acid	PTFE or Quartz
Paint Stripper (Alkaline)	304 Stainless Steel
Perchlorethylene	316 Stainless Steel
Phosphate	316 Stainless Steel
Phosphate Cleaner	
Phosphoric Acid (No Fluoride)	
Potassium Acid Sulfate	PTFE or Quartz
Potassium Cyanide	
Potassium Hydrochloric	PTFE or Quartz
Potassium Hydroxide	304 Stainless Steel
Potassium Permanganate	PTFE or Titanium
Rhodium	PTFE or Quartz
Rochelle Salt Cyanide	304 Stainless Steel
Ruthenium	PTFE or Quartz
Salt (Actine)	PTFE
Sea Water	Titanium
Silver Bromide	316 Stainless Steel
Silver Cyanide	304 Stainless Steel

SOLUTION	TYPE OF HEATER
Silver Lume	316 Stainless Steel PTFE or Quartz Titanium
Sodium Chlorate	Titanium
Sodium Chloride	
Sodium Cyanide	
Sodium Dichromate (Hot Seal)	316 Stainless Steel
Sodium Hydroxide	Steel
Sodium Hypochlorite	PTFE
Sodium Persulfate	PTFE or Quartz
Stannate	
Stanostar	PTFE or Quartz
Stearic Acid	
Sulfamate NickelPTI	
Sulfur	
Sulfur Peroxide	PTFE or Quartz
Sulfuric Acid	-
Sulphamic Acid	_
Tannic Acid	Titanium
Tin Nickel	
Tin Plating (Acid) (Fluoborate)	
Tin Plating (Acid) (Stanus/Sulphate)	PTFE or Quartz
Tin Plating (Alkaline)	
Trichlorethylene	
Trioxide (Pickle)	
Turco (4181, 4338)	
Unichrome	
Water 316 St	
Wood's Nickel StrikePTI	
Yellow Dichromate	
Zinc Acid	
Zinc Ammonium Chloride	
Zinc Cyanide	
Zinc Phosphate	
Zinc Phosphate (Fluoride)	
Zincate	304 Stainless Steel

Solutions requiring derated heaters are indicated in RED type.

NOTE: The data listed is provided as a reference and is offered as a guide only. It is not intended to be used as the sole basis of design or to establish specification limits. PMJ HEATERS assumes no obligation or liability for any advise furnished by it or for results obtained from its use. Due to the complexities of solutions and applications, it is the customer's responsibility to contact their chemical supplier for heater material compatibility and recommendations. Ultimate responsibility lies with the user.

DO NOT USE ELECTRIC IMMERSION HEATER TO HEAT FLAMMABLE SOLUTIONS!

Please insure applicability of heater before installation since we cannot guarantee heaters against premature failure due to corrosion or chemical destruction caused by unusual conditions over which we have no control such as:

- -Excessive high solution temperatures
- -The concentration of the solution
- -The presence of other acids causing a secondary reaction
- -Flux floating on the surface

- -The presence of dissolved gas
- -Stray electrical currents
- -Excessive sludge buildup
- -Aeration